

MONITOR TUBE

development sample data

36 cm rectangular television tube with metal backed screen and integral protection primarily intended for use as a precision monitor.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Deflection angle	90 °
Focusing	electrostatic
Resolution	min. 650 lines
Overall length	max. 317 mm

SCREEN

Metal backed phosphor

Luminescence

white

Useful diagonal

min. 329 mm

Useful width

min. 304.5 mm

Useful height

min. 241 mm



HEATING

Indirect by A.C. or D.C.; parallel supply

Heater voltage

V_f 11 $V_{\pm 10\%}$

Heater current

I_f 68 mA

CAPACITANCES

Final accelerator to metal band

$C_{g_3, g_5(l)-m'}$ 200 pF

Final accelerator to external conductive coating

$C_{g_3, g_5(l)-m}$ 800 pF

Cathode to all other elements

C_k - 5.0 pF 2, 5

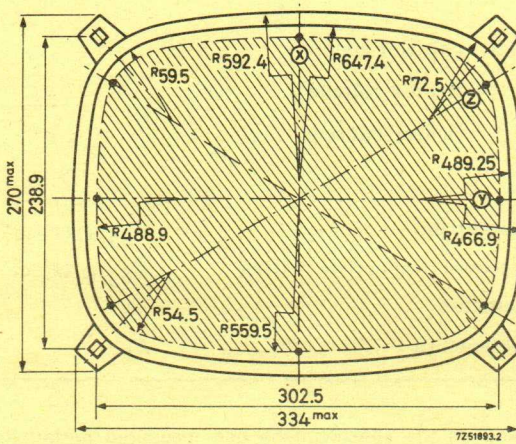
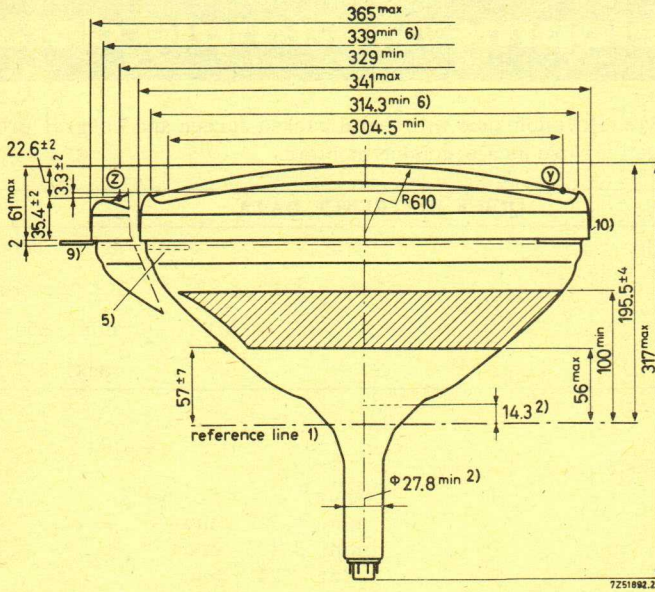
Grid No. 1 to all other elements

C_{g_1} - 9.0 pF 5

These data, based on the specifications and measured performance of development samples, afford a preliminary indication of the characteristics to be expected of the described product. Distribution of development samples implies no guarantee as to the subsequent availability of the product

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



TYPICAL OPERATION

Final accelerator voltage	$V_{g_3, g_5(\ell)}$	16 kV
Focusing electrode voltage	V_{g_4}	0 to 500 V ¹⁾
First accelerator voltage	V_{g_2}	600 V
Grid No.1 voltage for extinction of focused raster (grid drive service)	$-V_{g_1}$	43 to 98 V
Cathode voltage for extinction of focused raster (cathode drive service)	V_k	40 to 90 V

RESOLUTION

Resolution at screen centre		min. 650 lines
Measured at:	$V_{g_3, g_5(\ell)}$	16 kV
	V_{g_2}	600 V

This tube will resolve 650 lines measured at a brightness of 340 Nits based on a picture height of 237 mm.
 The focus voltage is adjusted to obtain the smallest roundest spot. For optimum overall resolution an external centring magnet may be required.

LIMITING VALUES (Absolute max. rating system)

Final accelerator	$V_{g_3, g_5(\ell)}$	max. 18 kV min. 12 kV
Focusing electrode voltage	V_{g_4} $-V_{g_4}$	max. 1 kV max. 500 V
First accelerator voltage	V_{g_2}	max. 800 V
Grid No.1 voltage		
positive	V_{g_1}	max. 0 V ²⁾
positive peak	V_{g_1p}	max. 2 V
negative	$-V_{g_1}$	max. 180 V
Cathode to heater voltage	V_{kf}	max. 80 V
peak	V_{kf_p}	max. 130 V
Focusing electrode current	I_{g_4}	max. $\pm 25 \mu A$
First accelerator current	I_{g_2}	max. $\pm 5 \mu A$

For notes see page 6

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Resistance between cathode and heater	$R_{k/f}$	max. 1 M Ω
Impedance between cathode and heater	$Z_{k/f}$ (50 Hz)	max. 500 k Ω
Impedance between cathode and earth	$Z_{k/f}$ (50 Hz)	max. 100 k Ω
Grid No.1 circuit resistance	R_{g1}	max. 1.5 M Ω
Grid No.1 circuit impedance	Z_{g1} (50 Hz)	max. 500 k Ω
First accelerator circuit resistance	R_{g2}	max. 1 M Ω
Focusing electrode circuit resistance	R_{g4}	max. 3 M Ω

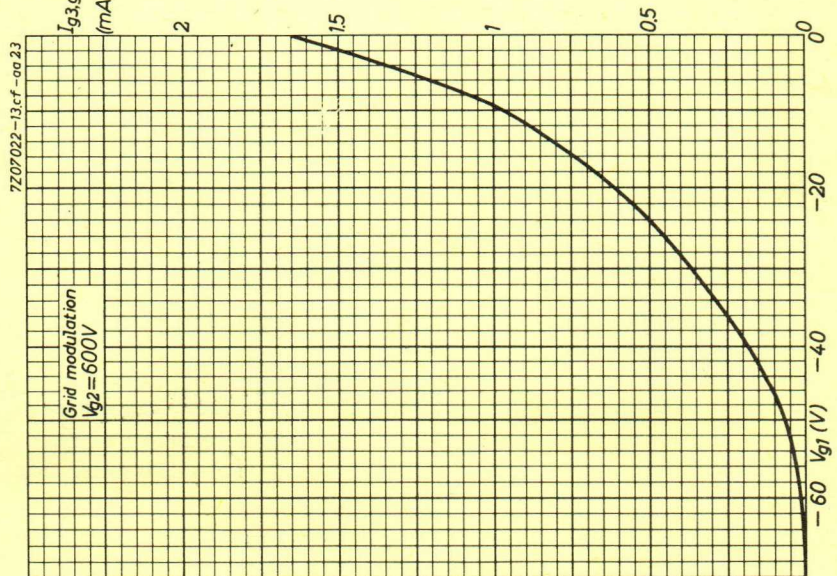
EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING

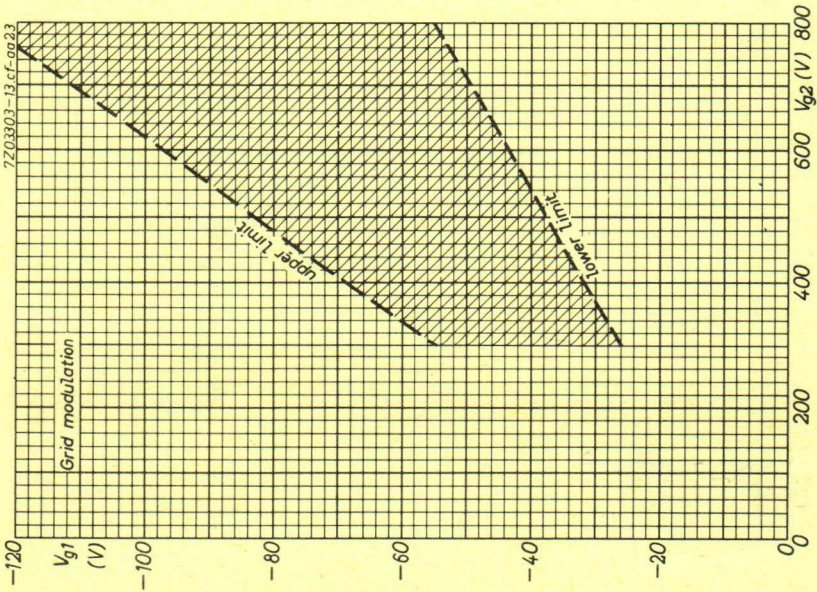
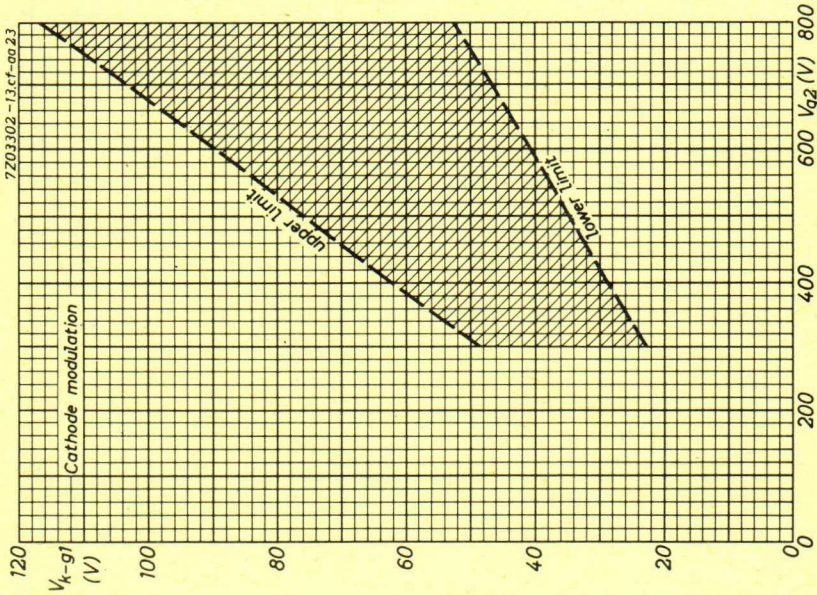
This tube has an external conductive coating, m, which must be earthed and the capacitance of this to the final electrode is used to provide smoothing for the e.h.t. supply. The tube marking and warning labels are on the side of the cone opposite the final electrode connector and this side should not be used for making contact to the external conductive coating.

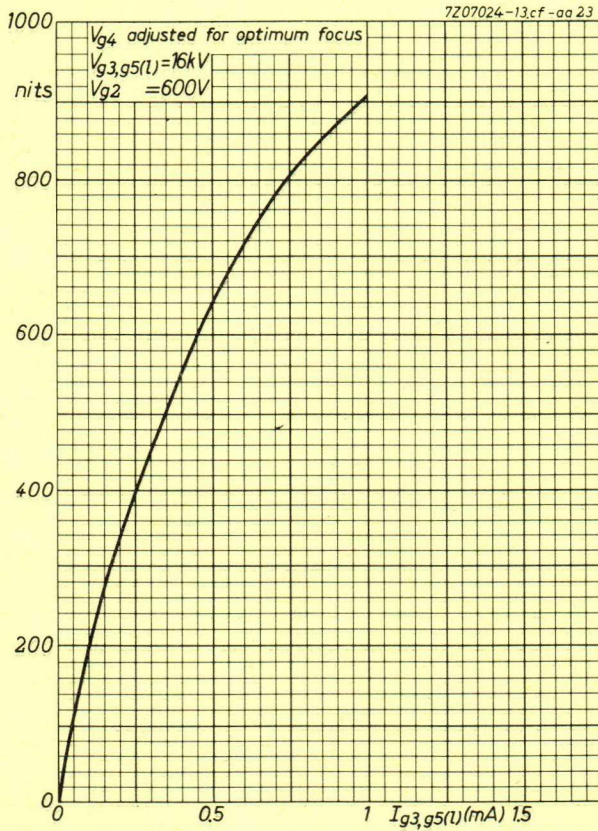
WARNING

X-ray shielding is advisable to give protection against danger of personal injury arising from prolonged exposure at close range to this tube.

- 1) With the small change in focus spot size with variation of focus voltage, the limit of 0 to 500 V is such that an acceptable focus quality is obtained within this range. If it is required to pass through the point of focus, a voltage of at least -100 V to +600 V will be required.
- 2) The d.c. value of bias must not be such as to allow the grid to become positive with respect to the cathode, except during the period immediately after switching the receiver on or off when it may be allowed to rise to +1 V. The maximum positive excursion of the video signal must not exceed +2 V, and at this voltage the grid current may be expected to be approximately 2 mA.







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