

MINISTRY OF SUPPLY - D.L.R.D(A)/R.A.E.

Specification MOSA/CV1529 Issue 3. Dated 12.3.53.  To be read in conjunction with K.1001	<u>SECURITY</u>	
	<u>Specification</u>	<u>Valve</u>
	UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED

→ Indicates a change

<b>TYPE OF VALVE</b> - Cathode Ray Tube  <b>TYPE OF DEFLECTION</b> - Electrostatic. Suitable for both symmetrical and asymmetrical deflection voltages  <b>BULB</b> - Internally coated with conductive coating  <b>SCREEN</b> - RBN.38  <b>PROTOTYPE</b> - VCR.529	<u>MARKING</u> See K1001/4	
	<u>BASE</u> B.12.D	
	<u>CONNECTIONS</u>	
	Pin	Electrode
	1	G
	2	C
	3	H
	4	H
	5	A1
	6	A2
	7	Internal Conductive Coating (See Note D)
	8	Y2
	9	X2
	10	A3
	11	X1
	12	Y1
	<u>DIMENSIONS</u> See Drawing on Page 3.	
<u>RATING</u>	Note	
Heater Voltage (V)	4.0	
Heater Current (A)	1.0	
Max. Final Anode Voltage (kV)	5.0	
X-plate Sensitivity (mm/V)	$\frac{357}{V_{a3}}$	
Y-plate Sensitivity (mm/V)	$\frac{780}{V_{a3}}$	
<u>TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS</u>		
Final Anode Voltage (kV)	3.0	
Second Anode Voltage (V)	500	
First Anode Voltage (kV)	2.0	

NOTES

- A. The tube shall be adequately free from microphony.
- B. When viewing the screen with the tube positioned such that the base spigot is uppermost, a positive voltage applied to terminal X1 shall deflect the spot to the left and a positive voltage applied to the terminal Y1 shall deflect the spot upwards.
- C. The internal conductive coating shall be of such dimensions that it functions effectively but does not obscure the required useful screen area.
- D. The tube will normally be operated with A3 and the conductive coating tied, and if a manufacturer so desires, one or both of these electrodes may be strapped internally, with the connection omitted from contacts marked:- "Internal conductive coating".

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K.1001

Test Conditions					Test	Limits		No. Tested	Note
						Min.	Max.		
Vh	Va3 (kV)	Va2 (V)	Va1 (kV)	Vg (V)					
Deflection voltages shall be applied asymmetrically in all cases.									
a					<u>INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES (pF)</u> 1. Each X or Y plate to all other electrodes. 2. Grid to all other electrodes. 3. One X to one Y plate.	-	25	5% (10)	
b	4.0	0	0	0	Ih (A)	0.8	1.3	100%	
c	4.0	3.0	Adjust for optimum focus	2.0	Adjust to cut off	-Vg (V)	40	80	100%
d	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	-	(1) Vg (V) (2) Change in value of Vg from test (c) (V)	1	-	100%
e	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	Adjust	(1) Line width (mm) (2) Va2 (V)	-	1.0	100%
f	4.0	3.0	Any convenient value	2.0	-80	<u>GRID INSULATION</u> (1) Leakage Current (μA) (2) Increase in voltmeter reading	-	8.0	100%
Recommended method K.1001/5A.3.2 Resistor = 10MΩ									
g	4.0	0	0	0	0	<u>HEATER-CATHODE INSULATION</u> Leakage current (μA)	-	200	
See K.1001/5A.3.3 except that the test voltage shall be 100 volts.									

Test Conditions						Test	Limits		No. tested	Note
							Min.	Max.		
	Vh (V)	Va3 (kV)	Va2 (V)	Vat (V)	Vg (V)					
→ h	4.0	3.0	Adjust for optimum focus	2.0	Any convenient value	<u>DEFLECTION SENSITIVITIES</u> (1) X - plate (mm/V) (2) Y - plate (mm/V)	$\frac{300}{V_{a3}}$ $\frac{660}{V_{a3}}$	$\frac{415}{V_{a3}}$ $\frac{900}{V_{a3}}$	100% (10) 100% (10)	
→ j	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	ditto	Deviation of spot from centre of screen (mm)	-	6	100%	
→ k	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	ditto	<u>USEFUL SCREEN AREA</u> Diameter (mm)	70	-	100%	
→ l	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	ditto	<u>TRAPEZOIDAL DISTORTIONS</u> A screen area of at least 70 mm x 45 mm to be scanned. 1. Angles between adjacent sides. 2. Angles between opposite sides.	85° 175°	95° 185°	100% 100%	
→ m	4.0	3.0	ditto	2.0	ditto	1. Orientation of X axis of deflection relative to 00' on drawing. 2. Angle between X and Y axes of deflection.	80° 85°	100° 95°	100% 100%	

