

<b>Specification MOSA/CV2205</b> Issue 2. Dated 13.3.53. To be read in conjunction with K.1001/5A	<b>SECURITY</b>	
	<u>Specification</u> UNCLASSIFIED	<u>Valve</u> UNCLASSIFIED

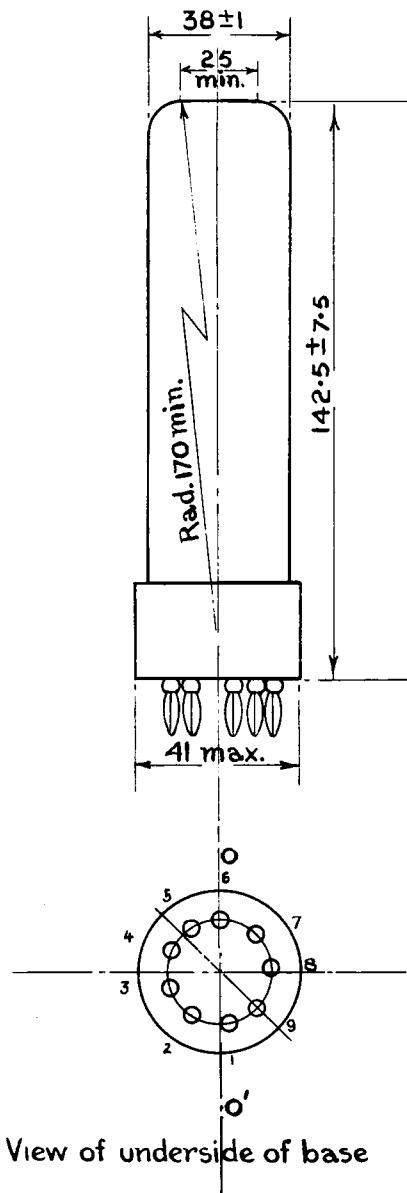
→ Indicates a change

<b>TYPE OF VALVE</b> - Cathode Ray Tube <b>TYPE OF DEFLECTION</b> - Electrostatic suitable for symmetrical deflection <b>TYPE OF FOCUS</b> <b>BULB</b> - Electrostatic - Internally coated with conductive coating <b>SCREEN</b> <b>PROTOTYPE</b> - BB1 - VCRX.131	<b>MARKING</b> See K1001/4	
	<b>BASE</b> British Standard 9-pin	
<b>RATING</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>CONNECTIONS</b>
Heater Voltage (V)	4.0	Pin
Heater Current (A)	1.0	X1
Max. Final Anode Voltage (kV)	1.0	2
<b>Plate Sensitivity</b> X-plate (mm/V)	<u>100</u> Va3	3
Y-plate (mm/V)	<u>100</u> Va3	4
		5
		Heater and Cathode
		Heater
		Grid
		First and final Anodes internally connected
Final Anode Voltage (V)	800	6
Second Anode Voltage (V)	135	7
First Anode Voltage (V)	800	8
Beam Current (mA)	2-4	9
		Y2
		X2
<b>NOTES</b>		
A. The tube shall be capable of operating with first and final anode voltages of 900 V at a pressure equivalent to 7.36" mercury at 15°C.		
B. The tube shall be of three-anode construction, and shall be adequately free from microphony.		
C. The gun assembly shall be sufficiently robust to withstand considerable mechanical shocks without suffering displacement.		
D. Viewing the screen of the tube, with pin number 6 at the top as shown in plan view of the underside of base (see drawing on Page 4) a positive potential applied to pin number 9 shall deflect the spot to the right.		

To be performed in addition to those applicable in K.1001.

	Test Conditions					Test	Limits		No. Tested	Note
	Vh	Va3	Va2	Va1	Vg		Min.	Max.		
Deflection voltages shall be applied symmetrically in all cases.										
a	See K.1001/5A.13					CAPACITANCES (pF)				
						1. Each X or each Y plate to all other electrodes.	-	15		
						2. Grid to all other electrodes.	-	20	T.A.	
						3. One X-plate to one Y-plate.	-	5		
→ b	4.0	0	0	0	-	Ih (A)	0.2 0.75	1.1	% (10)	
→ c	4.0	800	Adjusted for optimum focus.	800	Adjust to give cut-off	Vg (V)	-7	-20	100%	
→ d	4.0	800	ditte	800	Adjust	1. Vg (V)	At least 1 V negative to cathode		100%	
	Vg adjusted to give a light intensity of 0.0022 orthochromatic candelas on close raster 25 mm in both directions.					2. Within the range of grid voltage from cut-off to standard light output the beam current shall increase continuously				
→ e	4.0	800	ditte	800	ditte	1. Line width (mm)				
	<u>DEFLECTION</u> With a sine wave time base of 10 kcs/sec. and a line length of 30 mm in the X and Y directions successively. The line width to be measured at the centre of the trace.					2. Va2 (V)	50	175	% (10)	
	<u>GRID</u> The grid will be pulsed positively from cut-off with amplitude equal to the value obtained in test (d2), the nominal values of pulse duration and recurrence being 100 $\mu$ sec and 100 c/s respectively.									

	Test Conditions					Test	Limits		No. Tested	Note
	Vh	Va3	Va2	Va1	Vg		Min.	Max.		
f	4.0	800	Any convenient value	800	-20	<u>GRID INSULATION</u> Leakage current ( $\mu$ A)	-	4	100%	
	See K.1001/5A.3.2 Resistor - 5 megohms.					Increase in voltmeter reading.	-	100%	100%	
g	4.0	800	Adjusted for optimum focus	800	Any convenient value	<u>DEFLECTION SENSITIVITIES</u> 1. X-plate	$\frac{80}{V_a3}$	$\frac{120}{V_a3}$	100%	
						2. Y-plate	$\frac{80}{V_a3}$	$\frac{120}{V_a3}$		
b	4.0	800	ditto	800	ditto	Deviation of spot from centre of the screen (mm)	-	3	100%	
→ j	4.0	800	ditto	800	ditto	<u>USEFUL SCREEN AREA</u> Diameter (mm)	30	-	100%	
→ k	4.0	800	ditto	800	ditto	Angle between X and Y axes of deflection	$85^\circ$	$95^\circ$	100%	
→ m	4.0	800	ditto	800	ditto	Orientation of Y axis of deflection. Angle measured relative to axis O-O' shown on drawing on Page 4	-	$\pm 10^\circ$	100%	



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES

CV 2205/2/4