Color Picture Tube

ULTRA-RECTANGULAR	HI-LITE SCREEN
	ue-Gun-Down Operation
Electrical Electron Guns, Three with Axes	
Tilted Toward Tube Axis	Red, Blue, Green
Heater, of Each Gun Series Connected w Tube with Each of the Other Two Heate Current at 6.3 V	rs:
Focusing Method	
Focus Lens	
Convergence Method	
Deflection Method	Magnetic
Deflection Angles (Approx.):	
Diagonal	
Vertical	60 deg
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance (Appro	x.):
Grid No.1 of any gun to all other electrodes	ctrodes 7.5 pF
All cathodes to all other electrodes	6 pF 15 pF
Capacitance Between Anode and Externa Conductive Coating	1 (2200
	1800 min. pF
Resistance Between Metal Hardware and External Conductive Coating	
Optical	
Faceplate	53 %
Screen Phosphor, rare-earth (red) sulfide (blue	Aluminized e & green) P22
Persistence	Medium-Short
Array	382,000 Dot trios
Spacing between centers of adjacent dot trios (Approx.)	0.024 in (0.61 mm)
Mechanical	
Minimum Screen Area (Projected)	185 sq in (1194 sq cm)
Bulb Funnel Designation JE	• • •
Bulb Panel Designation	
Base Designation ^a Sma	II-Button Diheptar 12-Pin (JEDEC No.B12-244)
Basing Designation	JEDEC No.14BH
Pin Position Alignment Pin I	No.5 Aligns Approx. with Anode Bulb Contact

Operating Position, preferred Anode B	ulb Contact on	Тор			
Gun Configuration		Delta			
Weight (Approx.)					
Implosion Protection					
Type	Ba	nded			
Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Maxim	um Values				
Unless otherwise specified, values are for each values are positive with respect to cathode.	ch gun and vo	ltage			
Amada Malaasa	22.5 max.	kV			
Anode Voltage	17 min.	kV			
Anode Current, Long-Term Averageb	1000 max.	μΑ			
Grid-No.4 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage:					
Positive value	1100 max.	V			
Negative value	550 max.	V			
Peak-Grid-No.2 Voltage, Including Video Signal Voltage	1000 max.	٧			
Grid-No.1 Voltage: Negative bias value	400 max.	v			
Negative operating cutoff value	140 max.	v			
Positive bias value	0 max.	v			
Positive peak value	2 max.	V			
Heater Voltage (ac or dc):C	6.9 max.	V			
Under operating conditions	5.7 min.	v			
Under standby conditions ^d	¹ 5.5 max.	٧			
Heater-Cathode Voltage:					
Heater negative with respect to cathode:					
During equipment warm-up period not exceeding 15 seconds	450 max.	v			
After equipment warm-up period:	400 max.	•			
DC component value	200 max.	V			
Peak value	200 max.	V			
Heater positive with respect to cathode: DC component value	0 max.	V			
Peak value	200 max.	v			
	200	•			
Equipment Design Ranges					
Unless otherwise specified, values are for each values are positive with respect to cathode.	en gun and vo	utage			
For anode voltages between 17 and 22.5 kV					
_	-75 to 40	n v			
Grid-No.4 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage75 to 400 V					
Grid-No.2 Voltage for Visual Extinction of Undeflected Focused Spot See CUTOFF DESIGN CHART in Figure 3					
At Grid No.1 voltage of -75 V	90 to 27	0 V			
•					



At Grid No.1 voltage of -125 V . At Grid No.1 voltage of -140 V		245 to 580	V V
Maximum Ratio of Grid-No.2 Voltage Lowest Gun in Any Tube (At grid-No voltage of -100 V)	o.1 spot cuto	ff	.86
Heater Voltage: C Under operating conditions: When standby operation is not When 5.0-V standby operation Under standby conditions C	is utilizeda .	. <i></i> 6.0) V
Grid-No.4 Current (Total)		±60	μΑ
Grid-No.2 Current		±5	μΑ
Grid-No.1 Current			
Grid-No.1 Odiffont 1.1174			
To Produce White Light of	111um. D 6550 ⁰ K + 7 M.P.C.D.	Color 9300 ⁰ K + 27 M.P.C.D.	
CIE Coordinates:	0.040	0.281	
X	0.313 0.329	0.281	
Y		0.011	
supplied by each gun (average):	.•		
Red	41	30	%
Blue	24	31	%
Green	35	39	%
Ratio of cathode currents:			
Red/blue: Minimum	1.35	0.75	
Typical	1.70	0.95	
Maximum	2.20	1.25	
Red/green:			
Minimum	0.95	0.60	
Typical	1.15	0.75	
Maximum	1.70	1.10	
Blue/green:	0.50	0.60	
Minimum	0.70	0.80	
Maximum	0.95	1.10	
Displacements, Measured at Center of	0.0-	1,10	
Pactor contoring displacement:		F := /+ 11 A	1
Horizontal	± 0.4	5 in (= 11.4 i	mm)
Vertical	± U.4	in (± 11.4	11 /1 (1)
Lateral distance between the blu the converged red and green bear	e pearn and ne ±02	5 in (± 6.4	mm)
Radial convergence displacement	excluding		
-ff of dynamic convergence			
(each beam)	± 0.3	7 in (± 9.4	mm)
•			

Maximum Required Correction for Register ^e (Including Effect of Earth's Magnetic Field when Using Recommended Components) as Measured at the Center of the Screen in any Direction 0.005 in (0.13 mm) max.
Typical Operation
Heater Voltage 6.3 V
Anode Voltage 20 kV
Grid-No.4 Voltage
Color Temperature 9300° K + 27 M.P.C.D.
Raster Size
Typical White-Light Output Measured within 4 in (102 mm) diameter area centered on tube face:
At anode current of 1000 μ A
Limiting Circuit Values
Low-Voltage Circuits: Effective grid-No.1-to-cathode-circuit resistance (each gun) 0.75 max. M Ω
X-Radiation Characteristic :
Maximum Anode Voltage at which the X-radiation emitted will not exceed 0.5 mR/h at an anode current of 300 μ A

The X-radiation emitted from this picture tube, as measured in accordance with the procedure of JEDEC Publication No.64A will not exceed 0.5 mR/h throughout the useful life of the tube when operated within the Design-Maximum ratings: 27.5 kV anode voltage and 1000 μ A anode current. The tube should not be operated beyond its Design-Maximum ratings stated above (such operation may shorten tube life or have other permanent adverse affects on its performance), but its X-radiation will not exceed 0.5 mR/h for anode voltage and current combinations given by the isodose-rate limit characteristics as shown in Figure 1. Operation above the values shown by the curve may result in failure of the television receiver to comply with the Federal Performance Standard for Television Receivers. Sub-Part C of Part 78 of Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (PL90-602) as published in the Federal Register Vol.34, No. 247, Thursday, December 25, 1969. Maximum X-radiation as a function of anode voltage at 300 µA anode current is shown by the curve in Figure 2. X-radiation at a constant anode voltage varies linearly with anode current.

- The mating socket, including its associated, physically-attached hardware and circuitry, must not weigh more than one pound (one-half kilogram).
- b The short-term average anode current should be limited by circuitry to 1500 microamperes.
- ^c For maximum cathode life, it is recommended that the heater supply be regulated. The series impedance to any chassis con-



nection in the dc biasing circuit for the heater should be between 100 kilohms and 1 megohm. The surge voltage across the heater must be limited to 9.5 volts rms.

- d The use of a 5-volt standby condition in conjunction with 6-volt operating conditions is recommended to improve the reliability of the color picture tube by extending the emission wear-out life and reducing other gun-related defects. A maximum heater voltage of 5.5 volts (Design-Maximum value) may be maintained on the color picture tube when the receiver is in the "off" (standby) position. All other voltages normally applied to the tube must be removed during standby operation.
- e Register is defined as the relative position of the beam trios with respect to the associated phosphor-dot trios.

IMPORTANT: Refer to sheet Safety Precautions For Color Picture Tubes at front of this section.

Notes For Dimensional Outline

- Note 1 With tube neck inserted through flared end of referenceline and neck-funnel-contour gauge (JEDEC No.G162) and with tube seated in gauge, the reference line is determined by the intersection of the plane C-C' of the gauge with the glass funnel.
- Note 2 Socket for this base should not be rigidly mounted; it should have flexible leads and be allowed to move freely.

 Bottom circumference of base will fall within a 2-inch (51-mm) circle concentric with bulb axis.
- Note 3 The drawing shows the size and location of the contact area of the external conductive coating. The actual area of this coating will be greater than that of the contact area so as to provide the required capacitance. External conductive coating must be grounded with multiple contacts.
- Note 4 To clean this area, wipe only with soft, dry, lintless cloth.

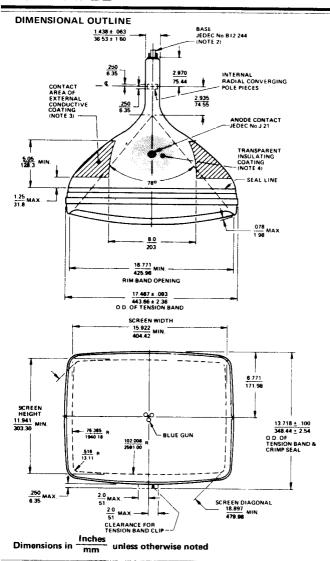
SAGITTAL HEIGHTS AT POINTS $\frac{.125}{3.18}$ BEYOND EDGE OF MIN. SCREEN

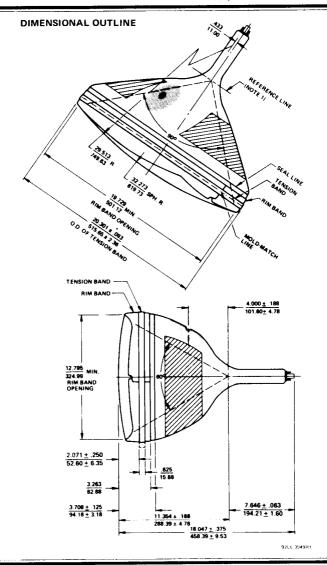
DIAGONAL 1.485

WIDTH 1.04

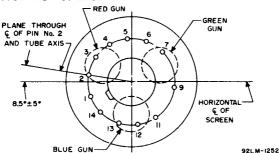
EIGHT

14.78





BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE



Base Specification - JEDEC No.14BH

Pin 1: Heater Cap: Anode (Grid No.3, Grid No.5, Pin 2: Cathode of Red Gun Screen, Collector)

Pin 3: Grid No.1 of Red Gun C: External Conductive Coating

Pin 4: Grid No.2 of Red Gun

Pin 5: Grid No.2 of Green Gun Pin 6 Cathode of Green Gun

Pin 7: Grid No.1 of Green Gun

Pin 9: Grid No.4

Pin 11:

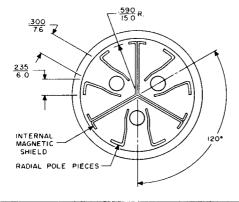
Cathode of Blue Gun Pin 12: Grid No.1 of Blue Gun

Grid No.2 of Blue Gun

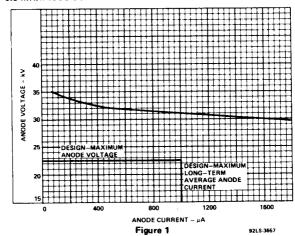
Pin 13: Pin 14:

Heater

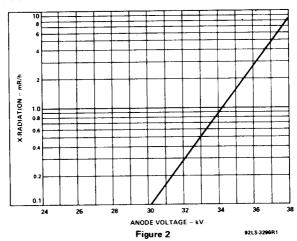
LOCATION OF RADIAL-COVERGING POLE PIECES VIEWED FROM SCREEN END OF GUNS



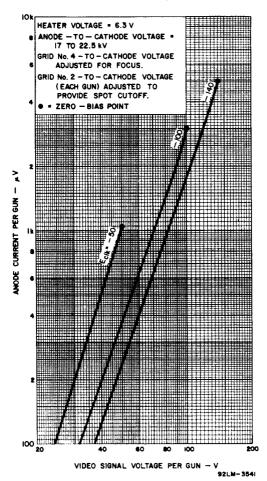
0.5 mR/h ISODOSE - RATE LIMIT CURVE



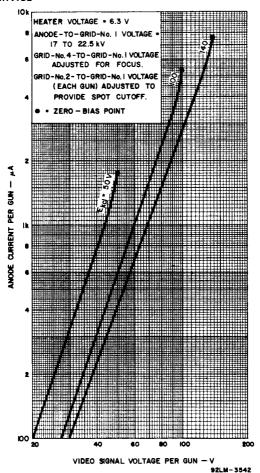
X-RADIATION LIMIT CURVE AT A CONSTANT ANODE CUR-RENT OF 300 μA (X-RADIATION AT A CONSTANT ANODE VOLTAGE VARIES LINEARLY WITH ANODE CURRENT)



TYPICAL DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS, GRID-DRIVE SERVICE



TYPICAL DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS, CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE



CUTOFF DESIGN CHART

