## DIAMETER 6" NOMINAL

# 6EG4

OKC\*

# Oscilloscope Tube

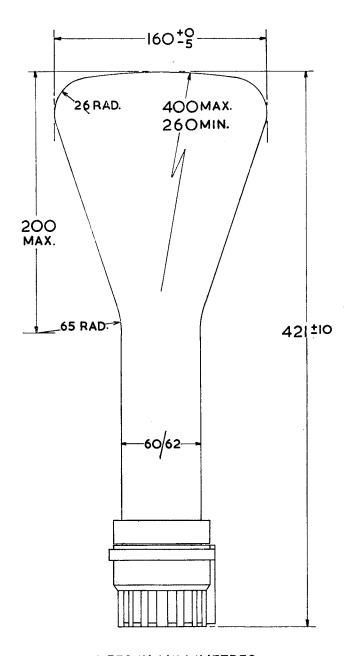
ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS. ELECTROSTATIC DEFLECTION

#### DATA

GENERAL .

| GENERAL:   |                       |   |                                  |     |     |  |
|--|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|
| Heater: Voltage .  |                       | 4.0   |                                  |     |     | a.c. or d.c. volts.  |
| Heater: Voltage . Current .                                    |                       | 1.0   |                                  |     |     | amp.   |
| Direct Inter-electrode C                                       | apacitai              | ices.   |                                  |     |     |  |
| Modulator to all other   | electrod              | es  |                                  |     |     | 25μμf.   |
| Each X Plate to all other                                      | er electro            | odes  |                                  |     |     | 25μμf.   |
| Each Y Plate to all other                                      | er electro            | odes  | •                                |     |     | 25μμf.   |
| Each Y Plate to all other One X to one Y Deflect               | or Plate              |   | •                                |     |     | 6μμf.  |
| Cathode to all other ele                                       |                       |   |                                  |     |     | 15μμf.   |
| Screen:  |                       |   |                                  |     |     | • •  |
| Fluorescence   |                       |   |                                  |     |     | Green.   |
| Persistence  |                       |   |                                  |     |     | Short.   |
| (10m sec. mi   | n./100m               | sec. r  | nax.                             | for | 1%  | initial brightness).                                       |
| Focusing Method .  Deflecting Method .                         |                       |   |                                  |     | •   | Electrostatic.   |
| Deflecting Method .  |                       |   |                                  |     |     | Electrostatic.   |
| Overall Length Greatest Diameter of Br Minimum Useful Screen   |                       |   |                                  |     |     | $421 \pm 10 \text{ mm}$ .                                  |
| Greatest Diameter of B   | ulb .                 |   |                                  |     |     | 160 mm.  |
| Minimum Useful Screen  | n Diame               | ter   |                                  |     |     | 130 mm.  |
| Mounting Position  |                       |   |                                  |     |     | Any.   |
| Base   |                       |   | • *                              |     |     | B.12.D.  |
|  |                       |   |                                  |     |     |  |
| Pin 1—Modulator.   | (6                    | (7)   |                                  |     | Pir | 18—Y2.   |
| Pin 2—Cathode.   | (5)                   | $\stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow}$ | 8                                |     |     | 1 9—X2.  |
| Pin 3—Heater.  |                       | X   | .\ ~                             |     |     | 10—Anode 3 and   |
| Pin 4—Heater.  | OX IE                 |   | <b>(9)</b>                       |     |     | ernal Conductive   |
| Pin 5—Anode 1.   | 3/\ <u>\</u>          |   | 10                               |     |     | iting.   |
|  | $\lambda X \setminus$ | $\triangle /\!\!/$                            | ζ .                              |     | Pir | 11-X1.   |
| Pin 6—Anode 2.   | 2                     | 12  | 11)                              |     | Pir | 12—Y1.   |
| Pin 7—No connection.   | Ċ.                    |   |                                  |     |     |  |
|  |                       |   |                                  |     |     |  |
|  |                       |   |                                  |     |     |  |
| Typical Operating Condi  | itions :              |   |                                  |     |     |  |
| A  |                       | 2000 3  | volts                            |     |     | 2000 volts   |
| Anode 1  |                       | 2000 v  |                                  |     |     | 2000 volts.  |
| Anode 1 Anode 2  |                       | 700 v   | volts                            |     |     | 400 volts.   |
| Anode 1<br>Anode 2<br>Anode 3 (5000v. max.)                    |                       | 700 v   | volts                            |     |     |  |
| Anode 1 Anode 2  | <br><br>              | 700 v<br>4000 v                               | volts<br>volts                   | •   |     | 400 volts.<br>2000 volts.                                  |
| Anode 1 Anode 2  | <br><br>              | 700 v   | volts<br>volts                   | •   |     | 400 volts.   |
| Anode 1<br>Anode 2<br>Anode 3 (5000v. max.)                    | <br><br>              | 700 v<br>4000 v                               | volts<br>volts<br>volts          | •   |     | 400 volts.<br>2000 volts.<br>-40 to -80 volts.             |
| Anode 1 Anode 2  | <br><br>              | 700 s<br>4000 s<br>o –80 s<br>mm/             | volts<br>volts<br>volts<br>volt. | •   |     | 400 volts.<br>2000 volts.<br>-40 to -80 volts.<br>mm/volt. |
| Anode 1 Anode 2 Anode 3 (5000v. max.) Modulator volts for cut- | <br><br>              | 700 v<br>4000 v<br>0 -80 v<br>mm/             | volts<br>volts<br>volts          | •   |     | 400 volts.<br>2000 volts.<br>-40 to -80 volts.             |

- Note 2. The angle between the trace produced by X1 and X2 and the trace produced by Y1 and Y2 is  $90^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ .
- Note 3. The undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 10 mm. radius concentric with the centre of the tube face.



## ALL SIZES IN MILLIMETRES

Note 1. When viewing the screen with the tube positioned such that the base spigot is uppermost, a positive voltage applied to the terminal X1 will deflect the spot to the left and a positive voltage applied to the terminal Y1 will deflect the spot upwards.