

The Du Mont Type 5DBP- is a 5 1/4-inch diameter, single beam, electrostatic focus and deflection cathode-ray tube. The focusing electrode draws negligible electron current. The tube features a linear post accelerator - a spiral resistance winding - which extends from the tube face to the deflection plate region, allowing for a gradual voltage gradient. The deflection plate structure has been designed to minimize deflection plate splash. Other features of the 5DBP- are high deflection sensitivities, high writing rates, and a pattern adjustment electrode to minimize pattern distortion. An astigmatism electrode is provided to allow for optimum spot shape adjustment. A low current heater is employed to reduce power requirements.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Data

Focusing Method	Focusing Method					Electrostatic		
Deflection Method	Electrostatic							
Direct interelectro	ode Cap	acltances,	Approximate					
Cathode to all		3.	5	μμf				
Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes				5.5		μμξ		
DI to D2				2.5		μμf		
D3 to D4				1.2		μμf		
DI to all elect	rodes			6.2		μμf		
D2 to all elect	rodes				5.7		μμf	
D3 to all elect	D3 to all electrodes				4.		μμξ	
D4 to all elect	D4 to all electrodes				3.7		μμf	
Optical Data Phosphor Number Fluorescent Co Phosphorescent		l Green	2 Blue-Green Green	5 Blue		7 Blue-White Yellow	11 Blue 	15 Blue-Green
Persistence		Medium	Long	Very Sho	ort	Long	Short	Extremely Short
Mechanical Data Overall Length Greatest Diameter Minimum Useful S Bulb					5 4	7 1/2 ± 1/4 1/4 ± 3/32 1/4 pecial		·
Bulb Contact						-21		

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FORM 809 8C-7-89-8H



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS (Mechanical Data) (Continued)

Basing Base Base Alignment: D3D4 trace aligns with Pin No. 1 and tube axis Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately to		Degrees
Bulb Contact Alignment: Cap aligns with Pin No. 1 Cap aligns with D3D4 trace Cap on same side as Pin No. 1	± 10 ± 10	Degrees Degrees
Trace Alignment: Angle between D3D4 and D1D2 traces	90 ± 1	Degrees
RATINGS (Design Maximum Values)		
Heater Voltage Heater Current at 6.3 Volts	6.3 0.3 ± 10%	Volts Ampere
Post Accelerator Voltage Pattern Adjustment Electrode Voltage Astigmatism Electrode Voltage Astigmatism Electrode Input	8000 2700 2700 6	Max. Volts DC Max. Volts DC Max. Volts DC Max. Watts
Focusing Electrode Voltage Accelerator Voltage Accelerator input Ratio Post Accelerator Voltage to Accelerator Voltage ¹	1500 2700 6 3.5	Max. Volts DC Max. Volts DC Max. Watts Max.
Grid No. 1 Voltage Negative Bias Value Positive Bias Value Positive Peak Value	200 0 0	Max. Volts DC Max. Volts DC Max. Volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage Heater negative with respect to cathode During warm-up period not to exceed 15 seconds After equipment warm-up period Heater positive with respect to cathode	410 180 180	Max. Volts Max. Volts Max. Volts

DE-5768 - 3

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RATINGS (Design Maximum Values) (Continued)

Peak voltage between accelerator and any deflection electrode Post Accelerator Resistance	550 48 to 240	Max. Volts Megohms
TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS		
Post Accelerator Voltage Accelerator Voltage Pattern Adjustment Electrode Voltage ² Astigmatism Electrode Voltage ³	5000 1400 1400 1400	Volts Volts Volts Volts
Focusing Electrode Voltage Post Accelerator Current ⁴ Grid No. 1 Voltage ⁵ Modulation ⁶	180 to 580 15 to 75 -34 to -56 40	Volts µA Volts Max, Volts DC
Deflection Factors: D1D2 D3D4	25 to 35 25 to 35	Volts DC/Inch Volts DC/Inch
Useful Scan: D1D2 D3D4	4.25 4.25	Inches Inches
Pattern Distortion ⁷ Line Width "A" ⁶ Cathode Current ⁸ Focusing Electrode Current for any operating condition Spot Position ⁹	.022 425 -15 to +10 Within a 5/16	Max, inch Max, μADC μA -inch radius circle
P1 Light Output 10 P2 Light Output 10 P11 Light Output 11 Deflection Defocusing 12	25 18 20	Ft. L. Min. Ft. L. Min. Ft. L. Min.
MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES		
Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance Resistance in any Deflecting-Electrode Circuit ¹³	2.0 1.0	Max, Megohms Max, Megohms

DE-5768 - 3



NOTES

- 1. This tube is designed for optimum performance when operating at a ratio of 3.5. Operation at other rations may result in changes in deflection uniformity, pattern distortion and/or useful scan.
- 2. The pattern adjustment electrode should be adjusted for optimum performance. For any necessary adjustment, its potential will be within a range of -50 to +100 volts with respect to the mean D1D2 plate potential.
- 3. The astigmastims electrode should be adjusted for optimum spot shape. For any necessary adjustment, its potential will fall within -50 to +125 volts with respect to the accelerator voltage.
- 4. Measured with Grid No. 1 at cut-off. Post accelerator current is the current flowing through the post accelerator resistance which is connected between the post accelerator and pattern adjustment electrode. All readings of beam current shall be in addition to the reading obtained for post accelerator current.
- 5. Visual extinction of the undeflected, focused spot.
- For a beam current of 25 μADC, measured in accordance with MIL-E-1 specifications.
- 7. With a raster pattern centered on tube face and the size of which is adjusted so that the widest points of the pattern just touch the sides of a 3.300-inch square, no point on these pattern sides will lie within an inscribed 3.200-inch square.
- 8. For a beam current of 25 µADC.
- 9. With the deflecting electrodes connected to the accelerator and the tube shielded against external influences, the undeflected and focused spot will fall within a 5/16-inch radius circle centered with respect to the tube face center.
- 10. Measured with a Type 3 Photronic Cell, corrected for spectral response of the eye, using a 2×2 -inch, 50-line raster, with $1b3 = 25 \mu A$.
- 11. Measured with a Type 3 Photronic Cell, without eye correction, using a 2 x 2-inch, 50-line raster, with $1b3 = 25 \mu A$.
- 12. Maximum deflection defocusing ± 2 inches from the center in either scan direction shall not exceed 1 3/4 times line width "A". Correction voltages are to be adjusted only when measuring line width "A".
- 13. It is recommended that the deflecting-electrode circuit resistances be approximately equal. Higher resistance values up to five megohms may be used for low beam current operation.

DE-5768 - 3

CATHODE - RAY TUBE $\pm \frac{3}{32}$ FLAT-5<u>1</u> 0.D.-5DBP-**FACE** 44 MIN USEFU⊟ SCREEN DIA. POST ACCELERATOR JI-21 CAP 14 AT 2713R **KEY BOTTOM VIEW** PIN NO. **ELEMENT** 123 I --- HEATER 2 --- CATHODE EXTERNAL 3 --- GRID NO.1 CONDUCTIVE 4 - FOCUSING ELECTRODE COATING 5 -- DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D4 (NOTE I) 7 --- PATTERN ADJUSTMENT ELECTRODE 8 --- DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D3 9 - ACCELERATOR 10 -- DEFLECTING ELECTRODE DI 11 - ASTIGMATISM ADJUSTMENT ELECTRODE 12 - DEFLECTING ELECTRODE D2 14 --- HEATER MEDIUM SHELL DIHEPTAL 14-PIN NOTES: BASE (B14-37) I.CONDUCTIVE COATING MUST BE GROUNDED -10 MAX. POST **BOTTOM ACCELERATOR** DE-5768-9 Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc. 5-23-60 Clifton, New Jersey